

## UNITED STATES HISTORY TO 1860

### History

- Development of Native Americans
  - Locations
    - Arctic (Inuit), Northwest (Kwakiutl), Plateau (Nez Perce), Southwest (Hopi), Plains (Pawnee), and Southeast (Seminole)
  - European exploration
    - Spanish
      - Vasco Núñez de Balboa
      - Juan Ponce de León
    - French
      - Jacques Cartier
    - English
      - Henry Hudson
    - John Cabot and Christopher Columbus
  - Cooperation's between Native Americans and explorers
- British colonial Americans
  - Life in the New England, Mid-Atlantic, and Southern colonies.
  - Colonial life
    - Large landowners, farmers, artisans, women, indentured servants, slaves, and Native Americans.
- American Revolution
  - Events
    - French and Indian War
    - British Imperial Policy
      - Stamp Act 1765
    - No taxation without representation
    - Sons of Liberty
    - Boston Tea Party
  - Declaration of Independence
    - John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson, Robert R. Livingston, Roger Sherman
    - Written for independence from England
    - As a response to tyranny and the abuse of power
  - Factors for victory
    - Battle of Lexington and Concord
    - Battle of Saratoga
    - Battle of Yorktown
  - People of the American Revolution
    - King George III, George Washington, Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson, Benedict Arnold, Patrick Henry, and John Adams
- Challenges of a New Nation
  - Articles of Confederation

- Constitutional Convention
  - James Madison and Benjamin Franklin
  - Great Compromise
  - Rights of states
  - Slavery
- Three branches of government
  - Executive, legislative, judicial
  - Checks and balances
- Bill of Rights
- War of 1812
  - Burning of the Capitol and the White House
- Westward Expansion
  - Territorial expansion
    - Louisiana Purchase
    - Lewis and Clark expedition
    - Texas and the Alamo
    - Oregon Trail
    - California Gold Rush
  - Steamboat, steam locomotive, and the telegraph
  - Impact on Native Americans
- Abolitionist and Suffrage
  - Harriet Tubman
  - Elizabeth Cady Stanton
  - Sojourner Truth

## Geography

- Locations
  - Physical features
    - Atlantic Coastal Plain
    - Great Plains
    - Continental Divide
    - Great Basin
    - Death Valley
    - Gulf of Mexico
    - St. Lawrence River
    - Great Lakes
  - Man-made features
    - New York City, NY
    - Boston, MA
    - Philadelphia, PA
    - The Erie Canal
- How physical systems affect human systems
  - Native Americans
  - Adaptations of explorers

- Physical geography of the New England, Mid-Atlantic, and Southern colonies helped determine economic activities
- How Americans and British used the physical features as benefits
- Physical barriers in expansion

## Civics

- Meanings...
  - Declaration of Independence
    - "... Right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness..."
  - "We the people..." from the Preamble
  - Federal system
- Importance of freedom from the First Amendment
- Functions of Government
  - Making and enforcing laws
  - Managing conflicts and protecting rights
  - Defense of the nation
  - Limiting power of people in authority
  - Fiscal responsibility
- Americans sharing certain central democratic beliefs
  - Respecting the rights of others for the common good
  - Importance of participating in public life (voting)
- Understanding honesty, patriotism, courage, and trustworthiness

## Economics

- Concepts of trade, opportunity cost, specialization, voluntary exchange, productivity, and price incentives
- Personal budget

## **UNITED STATES HISTORY SINCE 1860**

### History

- Civil War
  - Uncle Tom's Cabin and John Brown's raid on Harper's Ferry
    - How these relate to the Civil War
  - Slavery tension between the North and South
  - Fort Sumter, Gettysburg, the Atlanta Campaign, Sherman's March to the Sea, and Appomattox Court House
  - Abraham Lincoln, Robert E. Lee, Ulysses S. Grant, Jefferson Davis, and Thomas "Stonewall" Jackson
  - The effects on the North and the South
- The Reconstruction
  - 13<sup>th</sup>, 14<sup>th</sup>, and 15<sup>th</sup> Amendment
  - Freedmen's Bureau
  - Jim Crow Laws
  - Sharecropping
- Turning of the 19<sup>th</sup> Century

- Black Cowboys of Texas, the Great Western Cattle Trail, and the Chisholm Trail
- Wright brothers (flight), George Washington Carver (science), Alexander Graham Bell (communication), and Thomas Edison (electricity).
- Spanish American war
- Panama Canal
- Emigration to the United States
- Westward expansion
  - Battle of Big Little Horn
  - Native American reservation
- WWI
  - German attacks on US ships
    - Sinking of the Lusitania
  - Treaty of Versailles in 1919
  - Jazz Age (Louis Armstrong)
  - Harlem Renaissance (Langston Hughes)
  - baseball (Babe Ruth)
  - the automobile (Henry Ford)
  - the airplane (Charles Lindbergh)
- Great Depression
  - Stock Market Crash of 1929, Herbert Hoover, Franklin Roosevelt, the Dust Bowl, and soup kitchens
  - New Deal
    - Civilian Conservation Corps, the Works Progress Administration, and the Tennessee Valley Authority.
  - Duke Ellington, Margaret Mitchell, and Jesse Owens.
- WWII
  - Germany and Japan's aggression
  - Pearl Harbor, Iwo Jima, D-Day, VE and VJ Days, and the Holocaust
  - Atomic Bombs
  - Roosevelt, Stalin, Churchill, Hirohito, Truman, Mussolini, and Hitler
  - Role of women and African Americans
    - "Rosie the Riveter" and the Tuskegee Airmen
  - United Nations
- Cold War
  - "Iron Curtain"
  - Communism
    - Berlin airlift, the Korean War, and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization
  - Joseph McCarthy and Nikita Khrushchev
- 1950-1975
  - Cuban Missile Crisis and the Vietnam War
  - Civil Rights
    - Brown v. Board of Education (1954)
    - Montgomery Bus Boycott
    - March on Washington
    - Civil Rights Act
    - Voting Rights Act
    - Thurgood Marshall, Rosa Parks, and Martin Luther King, Jr
  - Assassinations
    - President John F. Kennedy, Robert F. Kennedy, and Martin Luther King, Jr.
  - Technology

- Television
  - Space exploration
- Developments since 1975
  - US involvement in world events
    - efforts to bring peace to the Middle East
    - the collapse of the Soviet Union
    - the Persian Gulf War
    - War on Terrorism in response to September 11, 2001
  - Effects of internet

### Geography

- Places in the U.S.
  - Physical Features
    - Grand Canyon
    - Salton Sea
    - Great Salt Lake
    - Mojave Desert.
  - Man Made
    - Chisholm Trail
    - Pittsburgh, PA
    - Gettysburg, PA
    - Kitty Hawk, NC
    - Pearl Harbor, HI
    - Montgomery, AL
- Spatial Patterns
  - How population, transportation, and resources influenced industrial location in the United States

### Civics

- Constitution
  - responsibilities of a citizen
  - rights protected by the Bill of Rights
  - due process of law
- Amendments to the Constitution
  - Amendment process and purpose
- Representative Democracy
  - 12<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> amendments
  - Voting rights
    - 15th, 19th, 23rd, 24th, and 26th amendments

### Economics

- Concepts of trade, opportunity cost, specialization, voluntary exchange, productivity, and price incentives
  - Impacts of technology
- 4 major sectors
  - Household function
    - Consuming goods
  - Private business
    - Producing goods and services
  - Banks
    - Accounts and loans
  - Government
    - Taxation
- Consumer and Business interaction

- Influence of competition, market, and prices
- Selling labor for income
- Entrepreneurs
- Personal budget and saving

### Other

### History

- Democracy
  - Influence from Greek culture
  - Compare from Athens
- Important people
  - Paul Revere (independence)
  - Frederick Douglass (civil rights)
  - Susan B. Anthony (women's rights)
  - Mary McLeod Bethune (education)
  - Franklin D. Roosevelt (New Deal and World War II)
  - Eleanor Roosevelt (United Nations and human rights)
  - Thurgood Marshall (civil rights)
  - Lyndon B. Johnson (Great Society and voting rights)
  - César Chávez (workers' rights).
- Topographical features
  - Mississippi, Ohio, Rio Grande, Colorado, Hudson
  - Appalachian, Rocky
  - the Equator, Prime Meridian, and lines of latitude and longitude on a globe
  - Greece on a map

### Civics

- Republican Government
  - Separation of powers
  - Branches of government

### Economics

- Productive Resources
  - Natural (land)
  - Human (labor)
  - Capital (capital goods)
  - Entrepreneur (create goods and services)
- Interdependence and trade
  - Consumers and producers of goods and services
  - Price allocation
  - Where some things are made
  - Currency